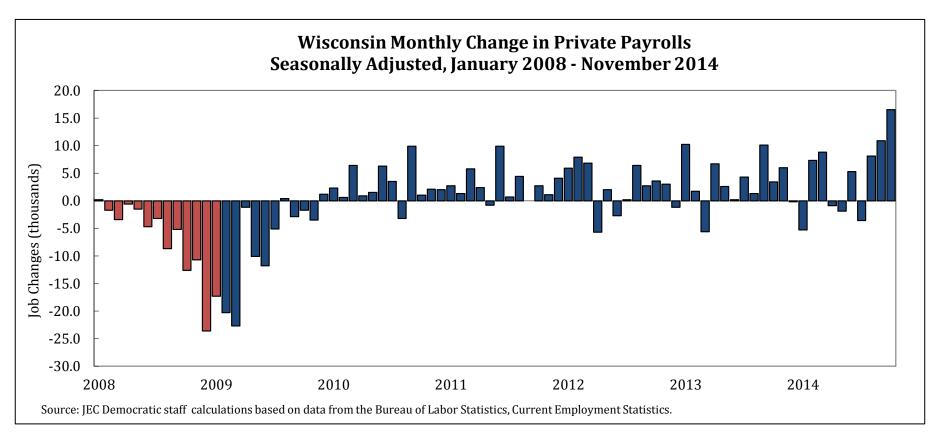
## **ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: WISCONSIN**

\*\*Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through November 2014\*\*

#### **JOBS**

- In November, private-sector employment in Wisconsin grew by 16,500 jobs. Over the past year, the Wisconsin private sector has added 51,000 jobs. This compares with an increase of 36,700 jobs over the 12 months ending in November 2013.
- Wisconsin private-sector employers have added 180,100 jobs (an increase of 7.8 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Wisconsin, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: manufacturing (49,400 jobs), professional and business services (43,300 jobs) and education and health services (26,000 jobs).
- The Wisconsin sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: mining and logging (34.5 percent), professional and business services (16.4 percent) and manufacturing (11.6 percent).



## UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Wisconsin was 5.2 percent in November 2014, down 0.2 percentage point from October. The rate is down 1.2 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 9.2 percent in January 2010.
- 162,500 Wisconsin residents were unemployed during November 2014, down from a recent high of 287,000 in June 2009. There are still 22,200 more people unemployed in Wisconsin than when the recession began.
- In Wisconsin, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 42,619 during November, up 24.5 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 11.1 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

### **EXPORTS**

- In Wisconsin, exports totaled \$2.1 billion in October and \$22.9 billion over the past year, up 0.8 percent from the 12 months ending in October 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Wisconsin exports over the past 12 months are up 10.5 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

### Housing

- Home prices in Wisconsin increased by 2.4 percent from the third quarter of 2013 to the third quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 3.6 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2012 but remain 8.0 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Wisconsin totaled 11,940 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in October 2014, a decrease of 24.6 percent from September.
- Within the Midwest census region, which includes Wisconsin, sales of new single-family homes totaled 66,000 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in October 2014, an increase of 15.8 percent from September. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 5.5 percent to 1,160,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from September to October 2014.

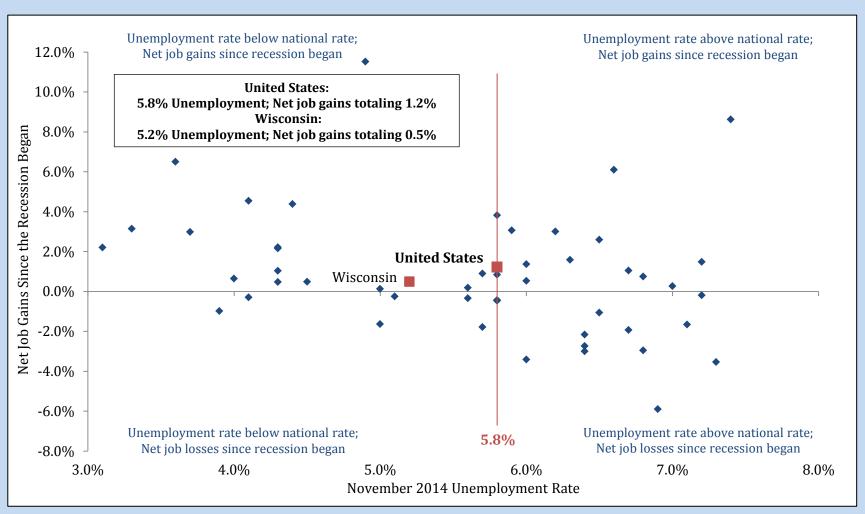
<sup>\*</sup> For Wisconsin-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Wisconsin office: http://worknet.wisconsin.gov/worknet/whatsnew.aspx

# How Does Wisconsin Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Wisconsin to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Wisconsin, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.7% and net job gains totaling 30.8% since the start of the recession.

	STATE QUICK FACT	rs	
	,	Wisconsin	<b>United States</b>
Unemployment Rate	November 2014	5.2%	5.8%
	November 2013	6.4%	7.0%
	November 2012	6.8%	7.8%
	November 2011	7.3%	8.6%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	. 2013	7.0%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2013	7.6%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2013	10.9%	9.0%
Median Household Income (2013 \$)	2013	\$ 55,258	\$ 51,939
(CPS Annual Social and Economic Supplement)	2007	\$ 57,609	\$ 56,436
Poverty Rate	2013	11.0%	14.5%
(CPS Annual Social and Economic Supplement)	2007	11.0%	12.5%
Percentage Without Health Insurance	2013	9.1%	14.5%